

# **Mandatory Reporting Policy**

# **Purpose:**

To define the roles and responsibilities of school staff in protecting the safety and wellbeing of children and young people and to enable staff to:

- identify indicators that a child or young person may be in need of protection
- make a report about a child or young person who may be in need of protection
- comply with reporting obligations under child protection law and criminal law and fulfil their duty of care

# **Reporting Child Protection Concerns**

Mandatory reporters, who believe on reasonable grounds that a child or young person is in need of protection from physical injury or sexual abuse, must report their concerns to Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) Child Protection.

All other school staff members who form a belief on reasonable grounds that a child or young person:

- is in need of protection, should report their concerns to DHHS Child Protection or Victoria Police
- is displaying sexually abusive behaviours and is in need of therapeutic treatment should report their concerns to DHHS Child Protection

If staff have significant concerns for the wellbeing of a child or young person, they should report their concerns to DHHS Child Protection or Child FIRST. The attached step-by-step guide will assist staff making a report

In cases where staff have concerns about a child or young person, they should also discuss their concerns with the principal or a member of the school leadership team.

When making a referral make sure you have notes ready with your observations and also child and family details handy. Once you have made a notification please make a note on Grade Expert in regards to this and include a brief outline in regards to the reason for the notification.

# Reporting Criminal Child Sexual Abuse - failure to disclose offence

Any staff member who forms a reasonable belief that a sexual offence has been committed in Victoria by an adult against a child under 16 must disclose that information to police. Failure to disclose the information to police is a criminal offence, except in limited circumstances such as where the information has already been reported to DHHS Child Protection.

# **Duty of Care**

School staff have a duty of care to protect the safety, health and wellbeing of children in their care. If a staff member has concerns about the safety, health and wellbeing of children in their care they should take immediate action.

In the case of a child who may be in need of protection or therapeutic treatment, or where there are significant concerns about the wellbeing of a child, school staff can discharge this duty of care by taking action which includes the following:

- reporting their concerns to the DHHS Child Protection or another appropriate agency (as identified above)
- notifying the principal or a member of the school leadership team of their concerns and the reasons for those concerns

# Forming a 'Reasonable Belief'

A 'reasonable belief' or a 'belief on reasonable grounds' is not the same as having proof but is more than mere rumour or speculation. A 'reasonable belief' is formed if a reasonable person in the same position would have formed the belief on the same grounds. For example, a 'reasonable belief' might be formed if:

- a child states that they have been physically or sexually abused
- a child states that they know someone who has been physically or sexually abused (sometimes the child may be talking about themselves)
- someone who knows a child states that the child has been physically or sexually abused
- professional observations of the child's behaviour or development leads a professional to form a belief that the child has been physically or sexually abused or is likely to be abused
- signs of abuse lead to a belief that the child has been physically or sexually abused

# **Types of Child Abuse**

Child abuse can have a significant effect on a child's physical or emotional health, development and wellbeing.

Types of child abuse include:

- physical abuse
- sexual abuse
- emotional abuse
- neglect
- medical neglect
- family violence
- human trafficking (including forced marriage)
- sexual exploitation (including pornography and prostitution)

A report should be made to DHHS Child Protection in circumstances where it is evident one or more of these types of abuse is happening, or you have formed a belief that the child is in danger of harm from abuse.

# **Policy Evaluation**

Ratified by school council on: 15/5/2017

To be reviewed in: May 2020

# A step-by-step guide to making a report to Child Protection or Child FIRST

#### **Protective concerns**

You are concerned about a child because you have:

- · received a disclosure from a child about abuse or neglect
- observed indicators of abuse or neglect

STEP

 been made aware of possible harm via your involvement in the community external to your professional role.

#### At all times remember to:

- · record your observations
- · follow appropriate protocols
- · consult notes and records
- · consult with appropriate colleagues if necessary
- · consult with other support agencies if necessary

# STEP 1

### RESPONDING TO CONCERNS

 If your concerns relate to a child in need of immediate protection; or you have formed a belief that a child is at significant risk of harm\*.

# Go to Step 4

If you have significant concerns that a child and their family need a referral to Child FIRST for family services.

### Go to Step 3

3. In all other situations

Go to Step 2.

\* Refer to Appendix 2: Definitions of child abuse and indicators of harm in the Protocol – Protecting the safety and wellbeing of children and young people

# FORMING A BELIEF ON REASONABLE GROUNDS

 Consider the level of immediate danger to the child.

#### Ask yourself:

a) Have I formed a belief that the child has suffered or is at risk of suffering significant harm?

#### YES / NO

and

b) Am I in doubt about the child's safety and the parent's ability to protect the child?

#### YES / NO

2. If you answered yes to a) or b)

#### Go to Step 4

 If you have significant concerns that a child and their family need a referral to Child FIRST for family services.

Go to Step 3

# Child FIRST

MAKING A REFERRAL TO

# Child Wellbeing Referral

- Contact your local Child FIRST provider.
  - See over for contact list for local Child FIRST phone numbers.
- Have notes ready with your observations and child and family details.

# MAKE A REPORT TO CHILD PROTECTION

# Mandatory/Protective Report\*

- Contact your local Child Protection Intake provider immediately.
  - See over for contact list for local Child Protection phone numbers.
  - For After Hours Child Protection Emergency Services, call

131 278.

- Have notes ready with your observations and child and family details.
- \* Non-mandated staff members who believe on reasonable grounds that a child is in need of protection are able to report their concerns to Child Protection

# **Contact Numbers**

#### Department of Education and Early Childhood Development

METROPOLITAN REGIONS	
Eastern	(03) 9265 2400
Northern	(03) 9488 9488
Western	(03) 9291 6500
Southern	(03) 9794 3555
RURAL REGIONS	
Barwon South Western	5225 1000
Gippsland	5127 0400
Grampians	5337 8444
Hume	5761 2100
Loddon Mallee	5440 3111

#### Office for Children and Licensed Children's Services:

METROPOLITAN REGIONS	
Eastern	(03) 9265 2400
Northern	(03) 9412 5333
Western	(03) 9275 7000
Southern	(03) 9096 9555
RURAL REGIONS	
Barwon South Western	5225 1000
Gippsland	5127 0400
Grampians	5337 8444
Hume	5761 2100
Loddon Mallee	5440 3111

#### Important information for government schools

Principals of Victorian Government schools must report all incidents to the Emergency and Security Management Unit on **03 9589 6266**.

Victorian Government schools should contact the Student Critical Incident Advisory Unit (SCIAU), Student Wellbeing Division, for advice and support when responding to allegations of student sexual assault or inappropriate sexual behaviours.

The SCIAU can be contacted on

03 9637 2934 07 03 9637 2487.

Victorian Government School Principals should refer to the flowchart – Responding to Allegations of Student Sexual Assault Compulsory Actions for Principals at:

http://www.education.vic.gov.au/healthwellbeing/safety/childprotection/childprotection.htm

#### Department of Human Services Child Protection

METROPOLITAN REGIONS		METROPOLITAN REGIONS		
Intake Unit	ake Unit		Regional Office	
Eastern	1300 360 391	Box Hill	(03) 9843 6000	
North and West	1300 664 977	Preston Footscray	1300 664 977 1300 360 462	
Southern	1300 655 795	Dandenong	(03) 9213 2111	
BLIDAL BECLONS				

RURAL REGIONS			
Intake Unit		Regional Office	9
Barwon South W	estern		
	1800 075 599	Geelong	(03) 5226 4540
Gippsland	1800 020 202	Traralgon	(03) 5177 2500
Grampians	1800 000 551	Ballarat	(03) 5333 6530
Hume	1800 650 227	Wangaratta	(03) 57 22 0555
		Wodonga	(02) 6055 7777
Loddon Mallee	1800 675 598	Bendigo	(03) 5434 5555

#### After hours Child Protection Emergency Services (AHCPES)

Statewide number for all emergency child protection matters outside of normal business hours (24 hours, 7 days a week): 131 278

# Victoria Police 000

#### Catholic Education Offices

Catholic Education Office, Melbourne	(03) 9267 0228
Catholic Education Office, Ballarat Diocese	5337 7135
Catholic Education Office, Sale Diocese	5622 6600
Catholic Education Office, Sandhurst Diocese	5443 2377

#### Independent Schools Victoria (03) 9825 7200

#### Other

Vic	torian Aboriginal Education Association, Inc.	(03) 9481 0800
Vic	toria Police Sexual Offences and Child Abuse U	Jnit (03) 9247 6666
Cer	ntre Against Sexual Assault	1800 806 292
Gat	ehouse Centre, Royal Children's Hospital	(03) 9345 6391
(for	specialist counselling and medical assistance	)
Chi	ld Safety Commissioner	(03) 8601 5884
Vic	torian Aboriginal Child Care Agency	(03) 8388 1855

#### CHILD FIRST

Local Catchme	ent Area	Contact
Barwon South	Greater Geelong, Queenscliff, Surf Coast	1300 551 948
Western	Colac – Otway, Corangamite	5232 5500
	Warrnambool, Moyne, Glenelg, Southern Grampians	1300 889 713
Gippsland	East Gippsland	5152 0052
	Wellington	51447777
	La Trobe, Baw Baw	1800 339 100
	South Gippsland, Bass Coast	5662 5150
Grampians	Northern Grampians, West Wimmera, Hindmarsh, Yarrambat, Horsham	1800 195 114
	Ararat, Pyrenees, Hepburn, Ballarat, Golden Plains, Moorabool	1300 783 341
Hume	Wodonga, Towong, Indigo	1800 705 211
	Alpine, Benalla, Mansfield, Wangaratta	1800 705 211
	Greater Shepparton, Strathbogie, Moira	1300 854 944
	Mitchell, Murrindindi	1800 663 107
Loddon Mallee	Greater Bendigo, Campaspe, Central Goldfields, Loddon, Macedon Ranges, Mount Alexander	1800 260 338
	Buloke, Goonawarra, Swan Hill, Mildura	1800 625 533 1800 MALLEE
Eastern	Yarra Ranges, Knox, Maroondah	1300 369 146
Metropolitan	Monash, Whitehorse, Manningham, Booroondarra	1300 762 125
North and West	Nillumbik, Whittlesea, Banyule, Yarra and Darebin	(03) 9450 0955
Metropolitan	Brimbank, Melton	1300 138 180
	Hume, Moreland	1300 786 433
	Hobson's Bay, Maribyrnong, Melbourne, Moonee Valley and Wyndham	1300 775 160
Southern Metropolitan	Casey, Cardinia, Greater Dandenong	(03) 9705 3939
	Aboriginal children and families (Casey, Cardinia and Great Dandenong)	(03) 9794 5973
	Frankston, Mornington Peninsula	1300721383
	Kingston, Bayside, Glen Eira, Stonington, Port Phillip	1300 367 441